May 1, 2017 SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION FOR CGI TECHNOLOGIES AND SOLUTIONS INC. 401(K) SAVINGS PLAN

Employer Identification Number: 54-0856778

Plan Number: 001

This is only a summary intended to familiarize you with the major provisions of the Plan. You should read this summary closely. If you have any questions and before you make any important decisions based on your understanding of the Plan from this summary, you should contact the Plan Administrator.

HOW TO USE THIS SUMMARY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

The table of contents gives a detailed description of where specific information concerning a particular topic may be found.

GLOSSARY

Some terms used in the summary have special meanings. These terms are identified by capitalizing the term's first letter. To find out the exact meaning of a special term, there is a glossary at the end of this summary.

EFFECTIVE DATE

This booklet describes in easy-to-understand terms the principal features of the Plan as in effect on May 1, 2017. It updates and replaces any prior descriptions of the Plan. Some Plan provisions may be different for employees whose employment terminated before May 1, 2017.

MORE SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Some technical details and legal expressions contained in the formal Plan documents have been omitted in this summary. The formal Plan documents govern in administering and interpreting the rights of participants and their beneficiaries.

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INTRODUCTION TO YOUR PLAN

The CGI Technologies and Solutions Inc. 401(k) Savings Plan helps you provide for your retirement security by making it simple and convenient for you to contribute to your retirement savings regularly. Your Employer may also make contributions to your Account to provide you with additional savings. The Plan is intended to meet federal tax law qualification requirements, allowing your savings to accumulate on a tax-deferred basis and permitting you to save more dollars for your retirement.

How You Save

- You may contribute a percentage of your pay to the Plan as 401(k) Contributions. You may make Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions and/or Roth 401(k) Contributions. For information on making 401(k) Contributions, see YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS: 401(k) CONTRIBUTIONS.
- If you will be age 50 by the end of the year, you may make Catch Up 401(k) Contributions to the Plan. Catch Up 401(k) Contributions are additional 401(k) Contributions that are not subject to annual limits imposed on 401(k) Contributions under the Plan. For more information on making Catch Up 401(k) Contributions, see YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS: 401(k) CONTRIBUTIONS and LIMITATIONS ON CONTRIBUTIONS.
- You are not permitted to make employee contributions to the Plan on a post-tax basis (After-Tax Contributions). However, your Account may include amounts attributable to After-Tax Contributions made to a prior plan that were transferred to the Plan. For more information, see YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS: AFTER-TAX CONTRIBUTIONS.
- If you have savings from another retirement plan or annuity, you may be able to roll those savings into
 the Plan as Rollover Contributions. For more information on the types of savings that may be rolled over
 into the Plan and the terms and conditions for making Rollover Contributions, see YOUR
 CONTRIBUTIONS: ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS.
- If you contribute to the Plan, your Employer may add a Regular Matching Contribution. For information
 on the amount of your Employer's Regular Matching Contribution and the terms and conditions for
 receiving Regular Matching Contributions, see EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: MATCHING
 CONTRIBUTIONS.
- Your Employer may also make Standard Nonelective Contributions to the Plan for you. For information
 on the amount of your Employer's Standard Nonelective Contribution and the terms and conditions for
 receiving Standard Nonelective Contributions, see EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: NONELECTIVE
 CONTRIBUTIONS.
- Your Employer may make special contributions to the Plan for you that can be used to help it satisfy nondiscrimination rules applicable to 401(k) plans. These contributions are called Qualified Nonelective Contributions. For information on the terms and conditions for receiving Qualified Nonelective Contributions, see EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: NONELECTIVE CONTRIBUTIONS.
- If you contribute to the Plan, your Employer may make special contributions to the Plan for you that can be used to help it satisfy nondiscrimination rules applicable to 401(k) plans. These contributions are called Qualified Matching Contributions. For information on the terms and conditions for receiving Qualified Matching Contributions, see EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS.
- If you are covered by the provisions of a federal, state, or municipal prevailing wage law or by the Davis Bacon Act, your Employer may make a Prevailing Wage Law Contribution on your behalf as necessary to satisfy the required hourly contribution requirements under the law. These contributions are called Prevailing Wage Law Contributions. For information on the terms and conditions for receiving Prevailing Wage Law Contributions, see EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: PREVAILING WAGE LAW CONTRIBUTIONS.
- Your Account may include Prior Matching Contributions that were either (1) made under the terms of
 another plan and then transferred directly to the Plan or (2) made under terms of the Plan that are no
 longer in effect. These prior contributions may be subject to different rules than other amounts held
 under the Plan.

- Your Account may include Prior Nonelective Contributions that were either (1) made under the terms of another plan and then transferred directly to the Plan or (2) made under terms of the Plan that are no longer in effect. These prior contributions may be subject to different rules than other amounts held under the Plan.
- Your Account may include Prior Safe Harbor Contributions that were either (1) made under the terms of another plan and then transferred directly to the Plan or (2) made under terms of the Plan that are no longer in effect. These prior contributions may be subject to different rules than other amounts held under the Plan.
- Dollars you save as Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions and dollars your Employer contributes on your behalf are not currently included as part of your federal taxable income. Dollars saved as After-Tax Contributions, including rolled over after-tax employee contributions, or Roth 401(k) Contributions, including Designated Roth Rollover Contributions, are taxed before contributed, but are not taxed when they are distributed to you. Taxes are also deferred on investment earnings on all contributions held in your Account. Therefore, you pay no federal income taxes on your Plan savings, except dollars saved as After-Tax Contributions, including rolled over after-tax employee contributions, or Roth 401(k) Contributions, including Designated Roth Rollover Contributions, until they are distributed to you. If you satisfy certain rules, you will not pay taxes on investment earnings on your Roth 401(k) Contributions and Designated Roth Rollover Contributions even when they are distributed to you.

YOUR PLAN ACCOUNT

You have your own Account under the Plan to hold all contributions you make to the Plan and any contributions your Employer makes for you. Your Account also holds any investment earnings on those contributions. Your Account keeps track of your share of the assets held in the Plan.

VESTING OF YOUR ACCOUNT

Your Vested Interest in your Account is the percentage of your Account that you would receive if your employment terminated.

Your Vested Interest in the balance of your Account resulting from your contributions is always 100%.

Your Vested Interest in the balance of your Account resulting from Employer Contributions is determined under the applicable vesting schedule, which may require you to complete a specified number of years of Vesting Service to earn a Vested Interest. (For more information about Vesting Service and vesting schedules, see **EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS: VESTED INTEREST IN EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS** and **VESTING SERVICE**.)

DISTRIBUTION OF BENEFITS

You may receive distributions from your Vested Interest in your Account when any of the following happens:

- You satisfy the requirements for an in-service withdrawal. (For more information about withdrawals, see IN-SERVICE WITHDRAWALS.)
- You retire from employment after you reach your Normal or Early Retirement Date.
- You die (distribution will be made to your Beneficiary).
- Your employment terminates. (For more information about distributions following termination of employment, see **DISTRIBUTION OF YOUR ACCOUNT**.)

SPONSOR DISCRETION

The Sponsor has discretionary authority to interpret and construe the provisions of the Plan, to determine your eligibility for benefits under the Plan, and to resolve any disputes that arise under the Plan. The Sponsor may delegate this authority as provided under the Plan.

PLAN IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

TYPE OF PLAN

The Plan is a "defined contribution plan". Under a defined contribution plan, all contributions you make to the plan or that are made on your behalf are held in an account that is invested on your behalf. When you retire, your retirement benefit from the plan will be based on the value of your account (including investment earnings and losses) at the time distribution is made to you.

The Plan is a type of defined contribution plan called a "**profit-sharing plan**". Contributions under a profit-sharing plan are **not** subject to funding requirements under federal tax law. Therefore, contributions may be discretionary with the employer and may be conditioned on the employer's profits. However, any contributions made under a profit-sharing plan must be allocated among participants under a formula that is described in the plan.

The Plan is also a "401(k) plan". Under a 401(k) plan, you may elect to make contributions to the plan from your pay. Your contributions (called "401(k) Contributions" in this summary) may be either Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions or Roth 401(k) Contributions. You do not pay any taxes on your Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions or earnings until they are distributed to you. You pay taxes on your Roth 401(k) Contributions for the year of the contribution, but earnings accumulate tax-free and, if you satisfy certain requirements, are also excluded from your taxable income when distributed to you.

The Plan is also intended to be a "404(c) plan". Under a 404(c) plan, you may select the investments for all or a portion of your account under the plan. For the accounts over which you control investments, fiduciaries who would otherwise be responsible for assuring that your account is invested appropriately are relieved of responsibility for your investment choices. For more information, see **PLAN INVESTMENTS: 404(c) PROTECTION**.

ADMINISTRATOR

(This is the Plan Administrator for purposes of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code.)

Plan Committee CGI Technologies and Solutions, Inc. Attn: U.S. Benefits 11325 Random Hills Rd. Fairfax, VA 22030 (813) 831-8222

SPONSOR

CGI Technologies and Solutions Inc. Attn: U.S. Benefits 11325 Random Hills Rd. Fairfax, VA 22030

SPONSOR'S EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

54-0856778

PLAN NUMBER

001

OTHER ADOPTING EMPLOYERS

CGI Federal Inc., Government Secure Solutions CGI Inc., Collaborative Consulting, LLC, Computer Technology Solutions, Inc., and eCommerce Systems, Inc.

SERVICE PROVIDER

T. Rowe Price Retirement Plan Services, Inc. 100 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202 (800) 922-9945 rps.troweprice.com

FUNDING MEDIUM

Plan assets are held in a trust maintained by the Trustee.

TRUSTEE

T. Rowe Price Trust Company 100 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202

AGENT FOR SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS

Legal process may be served on the Sponsor at its address listed above.

Legal process may also be served on the Administrator or the Trustee at its address listed above.

ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE

You may make contributions to the Plan and will be eligible to receive Employer Contributions (provided you satisfy any allocation requirements) immediately upon becoming a Covered Employee, as described below.

COVERED EMPLOYEES

You are a Covered Employee if:

 you are: All Employees of a Participating Employer and Employees employed at DOJ-Mail in Mail Management, Warehouse and Related Support Services as non-management employees and whose employment is subject to a Prevailing Wage Contract.

OR

• you are self-employed (e.g., a partner) and receive income for personal services performed for the Employer (but are not an independent contractor with respect to the Employer).

AND

- you have *not* executed a contract, letter of agreement, or other document acknowledging your status as an independent contractor and are *not* otherwise treated by the Employer as an independent contractor with respect to whom the Employer does not withhold income taxes and file Form W-2 (or any replacement Form) with the Internal Revenue Service. If the Employer treats you as an independent contractor and you are later adjudicated to be a common law employee of the Employer, you will not be considered a Covered Employee unless and until the Employer extends Plan coverage to you.
- you are **not** a nonresident alien, or you are a nonresident alien who receives United States source income.
- you are not a Leased Employee.
- you are *not* a union employee, unless you are covered by a collective bargaining agreement that
 provides for your coverage under the Plan.
- you are *not* a resident of Puerto Rico.

 you are *not* one of the following: an Employee classified as a short-term intercompany employee from non-United States Company locations; an Employee whose employment is governed by the Prevailing Wage Contract, unless the contract provides for participation in the Plan.

TRANSFERS OF EMPLOYMENT

If you are transferred from other employment with the Employer or a Related Company to employment as a Covered Employee (as described in **Covered EmpLoyees** above), you will be eligible to participate beginning on your transfer date if you would have been eligible to participate on or before your transfer date had you been employed as a Covered Employee for your entire period of employment. Otherwise, you will be eligible to participate as provided above.

REEMPLOYMENT

If your employment terminates and you are later reemployed as a Covered Employee (as described in **COVERED EMPLOYEES** above), you will be eligible to participate beginning on your reemployment date.

YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS

401(k) CONTRIBUTIONS

If you elect to make 401(k) Contributions, you authorize your Employer to reduce the Compensation you would regularly receive by a specified amount. This amount is then deposited in your Account as a 401(k) Contribution. You may elect to make Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions and/or Roth 401(k) Contributions to the Plan. Once you have designated a 401(k) Contribution as either a Pre-Tax or Roth 401(k) Contribution, you may not later change its designation. You may, however, change your designation with respect to future 401(k) Contributions. (See *Change in Amount and/or Treatment of 401(k) Contributions* below).

Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions

You do not pay federal income taxes (or, in many states, state income taxes) on Compensation you contribute to the Plan as Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions for the year in which you make the contribution. Instead, your Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions and earnings on your Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions are only taxable when they are distributed from the Plan.

Roth 401(k) Contributions

You pay federal income taxes and state income taxes on Compensation you contribute to the Plan as Roth 401(k) Contributions for the year in which you make the contribution. However, your Roth 401(k) Contributions are not taxable when they are distributed from the Plan. In addition, if certain conditions are satisfied, the earnings on your Roth 401(k) Contributions are also not taxable when distributed from the Plan.

There are 2 separate sets of requirements that must be satisfied in order for the distribution of the earnings on your Roth 401(k) Contributions to be non-taxable:

- First, distribution must be made at least 5 years after the first day of the calendar year in which you first made Roth 401(k) Contributions to the Plan. Special rules apply for determining this 5-year period if you make Designated Roth Rollover Contributions.
- Second, the distribution must be a "qualified distribution." A "qualified distribution" is a distribution made to you after you reach age 59 1/2 or become disabled or made to your Beneficiary after your death. For this purpose, you are considered disabled if you are unable to engage in *any* substantial gainful activity because of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in your death or to be of long-continued and indefinite duration.

How to Make an Election

To make 401(k) Contributions, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) Be prepared to indicate the amount you want to contribute and the portion of your 401(k)

Contributions to be treated as Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions and Roth 401(k) Contributions. If any administrative procedures apply to your election (e.g., elections are not implemented until after a specified notice period has expired), you will be notified.

Amount of 401(k) Contributions

You may contribute from 1% to 80% of your Compensation as 401(k) Contributions.

Commencement of 401(k) Contributions

401(k) Contributions will be made from your Compensation as provided in your election beginning as soon as reasonably practicable after the date your election is effective.

Change in Amount and/or Treatment of 401(k) Contributions

You may change the amount your Employer withholds from your future Compensation or change the portion of your 401(k) Contributions treated as Pre-Tax and Roth 401(k) Contributions effective as of the date or dates prescribed by the Administrator. To change the amount or treatment of your 401(k) Contributions, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) If any administrative procedures apply to your election (e.g., elections are not implemented until a specified notice period has expired), you will be notified.

Suspension of 401(k) Contributions

You may direct your Employer to stop withholding amounts from your future Compensation and suspend your 401(k) Contributions at any time. To suspend your 401(k) Contributions, you must notify the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) If any administrative procedures apply to your election (e.g., elections are not implemented until a specified notice period has expired), you will be notified.

If you suspend your 401(k) Contributions, the suspension will remain in effect until you elect to resume making 401(k) Contributions again.

Resumption of 401(k) Contributions

If you suspend your 401(k) Contributions, you may resume making 401(k) Contributions effective as of the date or dates prescribed by the Administrator. To resume your 401(k) Contributions you must notify the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) If any administrative procedures apply to your election (e.g., 401(k) Contributions cannot resume until after a required suspension period), you will be notified.

Annual Federal Limit on Amount of 401(k) Contribution

Federal law limits the amount of 401(k) Contributions (including both Pre-Tax and Roth 401(k) Contributions) that you can make to the Plan each calendar year. For 2017, the maximum amount is \$18,000. The IRS may adjust this limit for future years. Any adjustment will be in increments of \$500. If the Administrator determines that the amount you authorize your Employer to withhold from your Compensation would exceed the maximum amount permitted for the year, the Administrator will adjust the amount withheld so that it does not exceed the maximum.

Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions

If you will be age 50 or older by the end of the calendar year, you may make Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions for that year that exceed the annual Federal limit above. Your total Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions for a year cannot exceed the Catch-Up Limit in effect for the year. For 2017 the Catch-Up Limit is \$6,000. The IRS may adjust this limit each year.

ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS

If you are a Covered Employee, you may elect to roll over qualified distributions into the Plan.

Your Rollover Contributions are subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan and are only distributable to you under the terms of the Plan.

Savings Eligible for Direct Rollover

The Plan permits "direct rollovers" from the following:

- "qualified plans" (these are plans that meet the requirements of Section 401(a) or annuities that meet federal tax law qualification requirements, such as 401(k) or profit-sharing plans). Your "direct rollover" may include Roth contributions and after-tax employee contributions.
- 403(b) retirement plans (these are retirement plans maintained for employees of tax exempt organizations or governments). Your "direct rollover" may include Roth contributions and after-tax employee contributions.
- 457 deferred compensation plans (these are deferred compensation plans for employees of state or local governments). Your "direct rollover" may include Roth contributions.
- IRAs.

A "direct rollover" is a rollover made directly from another plan or annuity without being distributed to you first.

If you have an outstanding loan under another plan or annuity, you may roll over the loan note as part of your Rollover Contribution, but only if the rollover is in connection with the Employer's merger with or acquisition of the employer maintaining the plan that holds the loan note.

Savings Eligible for Indirect Rollover

The Plan permits "indirect rollovers" from the following:

- "qualified plans" (these are plans that meet the requirements of Section 401(a) or annuities that
 meet federal tax law qualification requirements, such as 401(k) or profit-sharing plans). Your
 "indirect rollover" may include the taxable portion of any Roth contributions, but may not include
 non-taxable Roth contributions.
- 403(b) retirement plans (these are retirement plans maintained for employees of tax exempt organizations or governments). Your "indirect rollover" may include the taxable portion of any Roth contributions, but may not include non-taxable Roth contributions.
- 457 deferred compensation plans (these are deferred compensation plans for employees of state or local governments). Your "indirect rollover" may include the taxable portion of any Roth contributions, but may not include non-taxable Roth contributions.
- IRAs.

An "indirect rollover" is a rollover you make to the Plan of amounts you have actually received as a distribution from another plan or annuity. You may not make an indirect rollover to the Plan of after-tax employee contributions or, except as provided above, Roth contributions.

Rollover Procedures

The Administrator may require you to provide information to show that the savings you want to roll over meet the Plan requirements.

If the distribution qualifies, you may roll it over into the Plan by having it delivered to the Trustee. If you actually receive distribution of the amount you are rolling over, your Rollover Contribution must be delivered to the Trustee within 60 days of the date you receive it.

Treatment of After-Tax and Designated Roth Rollover Contributions

If you make After-Tax Rollover or Designated Roth Rollover Contributions to the Plan, those amounts will be accounted for separately from your other Rollover Contributions. This is required so that the Plan can keep track of the non-taxable portion of the rollover.

AFTER-TAX CONTRIBUTIONS

Your Account may include After-Tax Contributions you made to another plan that were transferred to the Plan. You are not otherwise permitted to make After-Tax Contributions to the Plan. The After-Tax Contributions in your Account will be held under the Plan until they are distributable under the Plan's terms.

VESTED INTEREST IN YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS

Your Vested Interest in the Value of your contributions to the Plan is always 100%.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

In addition to your contributions, your Employer may make Employer Contributions to your Account. You are not taxed on any Employer Contributions made to your Account until distribution is made to you.

MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

Regular Matching Contributions

Once you have met the requirements to participate in the Plan with respect to Regular Matching Contributions, as described in **ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE** above, you will be eligible to receive Regular Matching Contributions for the contribution period specified in the Addendum if you are a Covered Employee at any time during that contribution period.

The Employer makes Regular Matching Contributions at different rates for different employee groups. The provisions describing the Regular Matching Contribution formula for each employee group are found in an Addendum to this summary.

Limitations on Regular Matching Contributions

Any limitations on the contributions matched under the Plan for a particular employee group are described in an Addendum to this summary.

Your 401(k) Contributions are *not* included in determining the amount of the Regular Matching Contributions your Employer makes to your Account if:

• They exceed 3% of your Compensation. Compensation you earned before you became eligible for Regular Matching Contributions is *not* included in determining this limit.

Your Employer will *not* contribute more than \$2,500 to your Account as Matching Contributions for the Plan Year.

Qualified Matching Contributions

If you are not a Highly Compensated Employee, your Employer may make a special "failsafe" Qualified Matching Contribution to your Account in order to satisfy federal nondiscrimination rules. Your Employer may further limit the employees eligible to receive failsafe Qualified Matching Contributions. Qualified Matching Contributions are always 100% vested and are subject to withdrawal restrictions.

Prior Matching Contributions

Your Account may include Prior Matching Contributions that were made either (1) to the Plan under provisions that are no longer in effect or (2) to another plan that merged into the Plan or otherwise transferred your Prior Matching Contributions to the Plan.

NONELECTIVE CONTRIBUTIONS

Standard Nonelective Contributions

Once you have met the requirements to participate in the Plan with respect to Standard Nonelective Contributions, as described in **ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE** above, you may receive Standard Nonelective Contributions for a Plan Year only if you both (i) complete at least 1,000 Hours of Service during the Plan Year and (ii) are employed as a Covered Employee on the last day of the Plan Year. The number

of Hours of Service required to receive Standard Nonelective Contributions will be pro-rated for any short Plan Year.

The last day allocation requirement described above, does not apply to you if you are absent because:

- you retire on or after your Normal or Early Retirement Date.
- you die.
- · you become Disabled.

In addition, the annual service allocation requirement described above does not apply to you for the Plan Year in which you:

- retire on or after your Normal or Early Retirement Date.
- die.
- become Disabled.

If you are eligible, each Plan Year your Employer may, in its discretion, make a Standard Nonelective Contribution to your Account equal to a percentage of your Compensation, determined by your Employer, for the Plan Year.

Qualified Nonelective Contributions

Once you have met the requirements to participate in the Plan with respect to Qualified Nonelective Contributions, as described in **ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE** above, you may receive Qualified Nonelective Contributions for a Plan Year if you are a Covered Employee at any time during that Plan Year.

If you are eligible, each Plan Year your Employer, in its discretion, may make a Qualified Nonelective Contribution to your Account equal to any of the following: (1) a dollar amount; (2) a percentage of your "test compensation" (compensation used in applying federal nondiscrimination tests); or (3) a percentage of your Compensation for the Plan Year.

Prior Nonelective Contributions

Your Account may include Prior Nonelective Contributions that were made either (1) to the Plan under provisions that are no longer in effect or (2) to another plan that merged into the Plan or otherwise transferred your Prior Nonelective Contributions to the Plan.

Prevailing Wage Law Contributions

If you are a Covered Employee who performs services covered by a prevailing wage law (such as the Davis Bacon Act or a state or municipal prevailing wage law), the Employer will make a Prevailing Wage Law Contribution to your Account for a Plan Year if necessary to meet the benefit level required for you under that law. The amount of the required Prevailing Wage Law Contribution is determined taking into account all contributions your Employer makes for you under the Plan or any other plan that may be used to satisfy the benefit level requirements. Your Employer may elect to treat its Prevailing Wage Law Contributions as Qualified Nonelective Contributions.

The benefit level requirement applicable to you is determined from the following chart, based on your employment classification and your hours worked in employment covered by the law:

Employment Classification	Required Hourly Contribution Rate under Prevailing Wage Law
SCA Employees	as required by the Prevailing Wage contract

VESTED INTEREST IN EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Vesting Schedule

Your Vested Interest in the following contributions is always 100%:

- Prior Nonelective Contributions.
- Prior Matching Contributions.
- Qualified Nonelective Contributions.
- Qualified Matching Contributions.
- Prevailing Wage Law Contributions.

Different vesting schedules apply to different employee groups for Regular Matching Contributions. Your Vested Interest in the Value of the Regular Matching Contributions in your Account is determined based on the vesting schedule applicable to your employee group, as described in an Addendum to this summary.

Your Vested Interest in the Value of the Standard Nonelective Contributions in your Account is determined using the following schedule:

Years of Vesting Service	Vested Interest
Less than 1	0%
1, but less than 2	50%
2, but less than 3	100%
3, but less than 4	100%
4, but less than 5	100%
5, but less than 6	100%
6 or more	100%

For the employees described below, a prior vesting schedule (also described below) is preserved:

Participants who were Employees of Oberon Associates, Inc. and Stanley Associates, Inc. who were hired before January 1, 2011, are 100% immediately vested in their Accounts.

Special Vesting Events

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if you are employed by the Employer (or a Related Company) on your Normal or Early Retirement Date or the date you die or become Disabled, your Vested Interest in your full Account will be 100%. If you are absent from employment because of military service and you die while performing "qualified" military service (as described in the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994), you are treated as if you died while employed by the Employer.

VESTING SERVICE

Vesting Service is used to determine your Vested Interest under the applicable schedule above.

Crediting of Vesting Service

You are credited with Vesting Service from your hire (or rehire) date until your Severance Date. If your employment terminates but you are rehired before you have been absent from work for 12 months, you are credited with Vesting Service for the period that you were absent from work.

You are credited with Vesting Service for employment with the Employer, any Related Company, and a Predecessor Employer.

If you are absent from employment with an Employer (or a Related Company) because of military service, and you die while performing "qualified" military service (as described in the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994), you will be credited with Vesting Service for the period you were absent as if you returned to work immediately before your death.

Excluded Vesting Service

The following Vesting Service that would otherwise be credited to you under the rules above is excluded in determining your Vested Interest in the Value of the Employer Contributions (including any investment gains or losses on them) in your Account:

Vesting Service completed after your reemployment date is not taken into account in determining
your Vested Interest in your Account earned before your Severance Date if the period between your
Severance Date and reemployment date is 5 or more years. For this purpose, if you are on a
maternity/paternity absence of at least 1 year, your Severance Date will be the second anniversary
of the date your maternity/paternity absence started.

PLAN INVESTMENTS

WHERE PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS ARE INVESTED

You direct how the contributions made to your Account are invested. You may direct that contributions be invested in any of the funds made available to you under the Plan. The Investment Fiduciary will provide you with a description of the different investment funds available. New investment funds may be added and existing funds changed. The Investment Fiduciary will update the description of the available funds to reflect any changes.

404(c) PROTECTION

Because you direct how contributions to your Account are invested, the Employer, the Investment Fiduciary, and the Trustee, who might otherwise be responsible under federal rules for directing investments, are relieved of this responsibility with respect to those contributions. Therefore, they are no longer liable under the law for any losses to your Account that are the direct and necessary result of your investment directions. They are still responsible, however, for providing you with diverse investment opportunities and sufficient opportunity to direct the investment of your Account.

MAKING INVESTMENT ELECTIONS

Investment Elections

When you become eligible to participate in the Plan, you must notify the Service Provider of your investment election by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) Your investment election must specify the percentage of contributions to your Account that will be invested among the available investment funds.

Failure to Direct Investments

If you do not direct how contributions to your Account should be invested, the contributions will be invested in the following investment fund: Vanguard Target Retirement Trust II fund with the target date closest to the year in which Participant turns 65.

Change of Investment Elections

You may change how contributions to your Account are invested by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) If your election is received in time, it will be initiated on the same business day it is received. Otherwise, it will be initiated on the following business day.

Transfers Between Funds

You may transfer any amount held in your Account from one investment fund to another investment fund. You must specify the amount that is to be transferred.

A transfer may be made by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) If your election is received in time, it will be initiated on the same business day it is received. Otherwise, it will be initiated on the following business day.

Restrictions on Transfers

In order to prevent excessive or abusive trading or "market timing", the Administrator or Service Provider may prescribe rules that limit the number of transfers that you can make during a specified period or that otherwise prevent this abuse. For more information, you should contact the Administrator.

VALUING YOUR ACCOUNT

The Value of your Account is periodically adjusted to show any earnings or losses on your investments, any distributions that you have received, and any contributions that have been made to your Account since the preceding adjustment date. Legal rules require this adjustment to be made at least annually.

The Value of your Account may increase or decrease at any time due to investment earnings or losses. You are only entitled to receive from the Plan the Value of your Vested Interest in your Account on the date distribution is made to you. That Value will be determined on the adjustment date immediately preceding the date of distribution and may be larger or smaller than the Value determined on any other adjustment date. The Plan fiduciaries and functionaries handling Plan assets (including the Sponsor, the Employer, the Investment Fiduciary, the Administrator, and the Trustee) do *not* guarantee your Account from investment losses.

LOANS FROM YOUR ACCOUNT

The Plan provides for loans to participants from their vested Accounts. Loans from the Plan are governed by a separate loan policy adopted by the Administrator. The Administrator can provide you with a copy of the policy governing Plan loans.

APPLICATION FOR LOAN

To apply for a loan, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) You may only apply for a loan from your Account if you are a "party in interest" (generally, any employee of the Employer or a Related Company or certain individuals who have an ownership interest in the Employer or a Related Company).

FEDERAL TAX RULES GOVERNING PLAN LOANS

For the Plan to retain its tax-qualified status (that allows your retirement savings to accumulate on a tax-deferred basis), any Plan loan must meet the following minimum requirements:

- Interest rate: must be a reasonable rate similar to the rate charged for a loan made under similar circumstances by persons in the business of lending money. (If you are absent because of military leave, federal law limits the interest rate that can apply to your loan.)
- Loan amount: cannot exceed specified limits when added to the outstanding balance of all other loans made to you from the Plan or any other plan maintained by your Employer or a Related Company.
- Loan term: cannot exceed 5 years, unless it is used to purchase your principal residence.
- Repayment schedule: must be substantially equal installments made not less frequently than quarterly. Some exceptions are made for unpaid leaves.

The loan guidelines provided by the Administrator may have more stringent requirements than the federally required minimum. In that case, any Plan loan must meet the more stringent requirements set forth in the loan guidelines.

COLLATERAL FOR LOAN

If you receive a Plan loan, a portion of your Vested Interest in your Account will be used as collateral for the loan. You may not receive a loan in excess of 50% of your Vested Interest. If a Plan loan is still outstanding at the time distribution of your Account is to be made, the amount distributed will be reduced by the portion of your Account being held as collateral for the loan, but only to the extent necessary to repay the loan.

DEFAULT ON LOAN

You will not receive a Plan loan unless you agree that your Account may be charged for unpaid principal and interest if you default on the loan. A Plan loan will be declared to be in default if either (1) you fail to make required payments within the period required under the written loan policy to prevent default (which cannot be later than the end of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the payment was due) or (2) there is an outstanding principal balance after the last scheduled repayment date.

SPECIAL LOAN RULES

- **Repayment:** if you are employed by the Employer, repayment will be made by payroll withholding or by other means permitted under the loan policy.
- Minimum Ioan amount: \$1,000.
- Limit on outstanding loans: only 2 outstanding Plan loans are permitted at any time.
- Limit on loans made in a 12-month period: no more than 1 loan may be made to you in the 12-month period described in the loan policy.
- Prepayment of full outstanding balance: permitted without penalty.
- Wait period to apply for new loan: you may not apply for a new loan until 30 days after paying off a prior loan.
- Rollover of loans: you may not roll over any loan note.
- Principal residence loans: may not exceed 10 years.

IN-SERVICE WITHDRAWALS

Under certain circumstances, you may make a cash withdrawal from your Account while you are still employed by your Employer. To make a withdrawal, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.)

WITHDRAWALS OF YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS

If you meet the applicable requirements indicated below, if any, you may withdraw all or part of the Value of the following contributions you made (or were made on your behalf) to your Account:

- After-Tax Contributions at any time.
- Rollover Contributions at any time.
- After-Tax Rollover Contributions at any time.
- Designated Roth Rollover Contributions at any time.
- Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions at age 59 1/2.
- Roth 401(k) Contributions at age 59 1/2.

Your withdrawal will be effective as soon as administratively practicable after your election is received.

WITHDRAWALS OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

If you meet the applicable requirements indicated below, you may withdraw all or part of the Value of your Vested Interest in the following Employer Contributions held in your Account:

- Qualified Nonelective Contributions at age 59 1/2.
- Qualified Matching Contributions at age 59 1/2.
- Prior Safe Harbor Contributions at age 59 1/2.
- Standard Nonelective Contributions, provided you have reached age 59 1/2.
- Regular Matching Contributions, provided you have reached age 59 1/2.
- **Prior Nonelective Contributions**, provided you have reached age 59 1/2.
- Prior Matching Contributions, provided you have reached age 59 1/2.
- Prevailing Wage Law Contributions, provided you have reached age 59 1/2.

Your withdrawal will be effective as soon as administratively practicable after your election is received.

WITHDRAWALS WHILE ABSENT ON MILITARY DUTY

If you are absent from employment with your Employer or a Related Company to perform military service, you may be entitled to withdraw amounts from your Account.

Deemed Severance of Employment Withdrawals

If you are absent from employment for more than 30 days because of service with the uniformed services (as described in United States Code, Title 38, Chapter 43), federal law permits the Plan to treat you as if you had terminated employment, *but solely* to allow you to withdraw amounts from your Account that are not otherwise available for withdrawal. (This summary does not address the effect of military leave on your other employer-provided benefits.) If you are deemed to have terminated employment for this purpose, you may withdraw all or part of the Value of the following contributions:

- Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions.
- Roth 401(k) Contributions.

Your withdrawal will be effective as soon as administratively practicable after your election is received.

If you take a withdrawal because of your deemed severance of employment, you will not be permitted to make 401(k) Contributions to the Plan (or any other plan maintained by the Employer or a Related Company) for 6 months from the date of the withdrawal. This suspension requirement will **not** apply if your withdrawal qualifies as a qualified reservist distribution, as described below.

Qualified Reservist Distributions

If you are a reservist or national guardsman and are called to active duty either (1) for an indefinite period or (2) for a period longer than 179 days, any withdrawal you make because of your deemed severance of employment, as described above, will qualify as a "qualified reservist distribution." You may also elect to make a separate withdrawal of all or a portion of the Value of the following contributions as a "qualified reservist distribution":

- Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions.
- Roth 401(k) Contributions.

A qualified reservist distribution must be made during the period beginning on the date you are ordered or called to active duty and ending on the date your period of active duty ends. Your distribution is not subject to the 10% penalty tax on early distributions described in **DISTRIBUTION OF YOUR ACCOUNT: SPECIAL TAX RULES APPLICABLE TO DISTRIBUTIONS**. In addition, federal law permits you to repay the amount of a qualified reservist distribution to an IRA within 2 years after you cease active duty. This permits you to build back your retirement funds. Finally, if your withdrawal is a qualified reservist distribution, you will not be subject to the 6 months suspension on making 401(k) Contributions to the Plan that applies to withdrawals because of a deemed severance from employment, as described in **Deemed Severance from Employment Withdrawals** above.

Your qualified reservist distribution will be effective as soon as administratively practicable after your election is received.

HARDSHIP WITHDRAWALS

If you incur an immediate and heavy financial need, you may withdraw all or part of the Value of the following contributions held in your Account:

- Pre-Tax 401(k) Contributions (excluding investment earnings).
- Roth 401(k) Contributions (excluding investment earnings).
- After-Tax Contributions.
- Rollover Contributions.
- After-Tax Rollover Contributions.
- Designated Roth Rollover Contributions.
- Standard Nonelective Contributions.
- Prior Nonelective Contributions.
- Regular Matching Contributions.
- Prior Matching Contributions.

You may only make a hardship withdrawal if the Administrator determines that the withdrawal is necessary to meet your financial need. Generally, the amount of your hardship withdrawal cannot exceed the amount of your financial need, except it may include amounts necessary to pay any federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably expected to result from the withdrawal.

Your hardship withdrawal will be effective as soon as administratively practicable after your election is received.

Financial Needs For Which Hardship Withdrawals Are Available

The financial needs for which you can get a hardship withdrawal are:

- medical expenses of you, your Spouse, your primary Beneficiary, or your dependents for the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease.
- purchase of your principal residence (excluding mortgage payments).
- tuition payments, related educational fees, and room and board expenses for post-secondary education for you, your Spouse, your primary Beneficiary, or your dependents.
- prevention of your eviction from your principal residence or foreclosure on the mortgage of your principal residence.
- funeral or burial expenses for your deceased parent, Spouse, child, primary Beneficiary, or dependent.
- expenses for the repair of damages to your principal residence that would qualify for a casualty loss deduction (determined without regard to whether the loss exceeds 10% of your adjusted gross income).

Generally, for purposes of a hardship withdrawal, your dependent is as defined for purposes of receiving an income tax deduction, without regard to the rules (1) prohibiting persons treated as dependents from claiming dependents of their own, (2) precluding persons who file a joint return with their Spouse from being claimed as dependents, and (3) precluding persons who have gross income for the year equal to or greater than the exemption amount from being claimed as dependents. Your primary Beneficiary is a person you have named as having an unconditional right to all or part of your Account upon your death.

Demonstrating Need for Hardship Withdrawal

The Administrator will approve your hardship withdrawal if all of the following requirements are met:

- the withdrawal amount does not exceed the amount you need to meet your financial need.
- you have obtained all other distributions and all non-taxable loans available to you from any plan maintained by your Employer or any Related Company.
- you suspend your 401(k) Contributions (including both Pre-Tax and Roth 401(k) Contributions) to the Plan (and any other plan maintained by the Employer or any Related Company) for at least 6 months after receipt of the withdrawal.

Limitations on Hardship Withdrawals

You may not make more than 2 hardship withdrawals during the calendar year.

The minimum hardship withdrawal you may take is \$500.

FORFEITURE OF NON-VESTED AMOUNTS

If your employment terminates with the Employer (and all Related Companies) and you are not 100% vested in the Value of the Employer Contributions in your Account at that time, you will forfeit the non-vested portion of your Account.

Timing of Forfeiture

- If you have no Vested Interest in your Account, your Account will be forfeited on the date your employment terminates.
- If you have a Vested Interest in your Account and receive distribution of that amount because of
 your termination, the non-vested portion of your Account will be forfeited on the date distribution is
 made to you.
- If you have a Vested Interest in your Account, but do not receive distribution of that interest because of your termination, the non-vested portion of your Account will be forfeited on the last day of the 5-year period that begins on your Severance Date.

If you are reemployed by the Employer (or a Related Company) before the non-vested portion of your Account is forfeited, the forfeiture will not occur.

Recrediting of Forfeited Amounts

If you are reemployed by the Employer (or a Related Company) after forfeiting the non-vested portion of your Account, the amount you forfeited will be recredited to your Account if you meet all of the following conditions:

- you are reemployed before the last day of the 5-year period that begins on the date distribution was made to you (or the date your employment terminated, if you did not receive a distribution because you had no Vested Interest in your Account).
- you become an employee covered under the Plan within 5 years of your reemployment date.
- if you received distribution of the vested portion of your Account, you repay the full amount of the distribution within 5 years of your reemployment date.

Treatment of Forfeited Amounts

Amounts forfeited during a Plan Year are used to meet the Employer's contribution obligations to the Plan or to pay Plan expenses.

DISTRIBUTION OF YOUR ACCOUNT

DISTRIBUTION TO YOU

If your employment with the Employer (and all Related Companies) terminates, you may receive distribution of your Account. Distribution may be made as soon as reasonably practicable following the date your employment terminates.

You may postpone distribution until April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you reach age 70 1/2.

Instead of receiving distribution of your full Vested Interest, you may elect to receive a partial distribution of only a portion of your Account following termination and postpone distribution of the remaining balance.

If your employment has not terminated, the Administrator may permit you to transfer your entire Account from the Plan to another plan maintained by the Employer or a Related Company if you meet the following requirements:

- you transfer from employment as a Covered Employee to other employment with the Employer or a Related Company that is not covered by the Plan.
- the other employment is covered by another profit-sharing plan that includes a cash or deferred arrangement qualified under Code Section 401(k).
- you make a voluntary, fully-informed election to transfer your entire Account to the other plan.

Request for Distribution

Unless your Account is cashed out as described below, distribution of your Account will not be made before April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you reach age 70 1/2 or retire, whichever is later, unless you request an earlier distribution. To request a distribution, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.)

Effect of Reemployment

If you are reemployed by the Employer (or a Related Company) before distribution of your full Vested Interest in your Account has been made, distribution of your Account will be suspended until your reemployment terminates.

Required Distribution

Federal tax law requires distribution of your Account to begin no later than April 1 of the calendar year following the year in which you reach age 70 1/2 or retire, whichever is later. Special rules apply if you are a 5% owner of the Employer (see the Administrator for details).

SPECIAL TAX RULES APPLICABLE TO DISTRIBUTIONS

If you terminate employment before reaching age 55 and elect to receive distribution of your Account before reaching age 59 1/2, you may be subject to a 10% penalty tax on your distribution. The penalty tax does not apply to amounts that are rolled over to another eligible retirement program. You should consult your own tax advisor to determine whether this tax applies to you.

If you receive distribution of your Roth 401(k) Contributions or Designated Roth Rollover Contributions fewer than 5 years after you first made Roth 401(k) Contributions to the Plan or if you made a Designated Roth Rollover Contribution, the date you first made Roth contributions to the other plan, whichever is earlier, the earnings on your Roth 401(k) Contributions or Designated Roth Rollover Contributions will be taxable. (The 5-year period is counted from January 1 of the year in which you made the contribution.) In addition, if distribution of your Roth 401(k) Contributions or Designated Roth Rollover Contributions is made to you before you reach age 59 1/2 or become disabled, the earnings on your Roth 401(k) Contributions or Designated Roth Rollover Contributions will be taxable. For this purpose, you are considered disabled if you are unable to engage in **any**

substantial gainful activity because of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in your death or to be of long-continued and indefinite duration.

DISTRIBUTION TO YOUR BENEFICIARY

If you die before distribution of the full Value of your Account has been made to you, distribution of your Account will be made to your Beneficiary as soon as reasonably practicable following the date your Beneficiary requests distribution. To request distribution, your Beneficiary must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.) Your Beneficiary may elect to receive a partial distribution of only a portion of the benefit to which your Beneficiary is entitled and postpone distribution of the remainder.

Unless distribution of your Account is to be made to your Beneficiary in a series of installment payments, federal tax law requires distribution to your Beneficiary to be made in full no later than the end of the fifth calendar year beginning after your death or, if your Beneficiary is your Spouse, the end of the calendar year in which you would have reached age 70 1/2, if later.

If distribution of your Account is to be made to your Beneficiary in a series of installment payments, federal tax law requires distribution to your Beneficiary to begin:

- if your Beneficiary is your Spouse, no later than the end of the first calendar year beginning after your
 death or the end of the calendar year in which you would have reached age 70 1/2, whichever is later;
 or
- if your Beneficiary is someone other than your Spouse, no later than the end of the first calendar year beginning after your death.

Your Spouse may only delay distribution under the federal tax law requirements described above if your Spouse is your sole Beneficiary. Generally, your Spouse is your sole Beneficiary only if (1) your Spouse is entitled to your full Account or a segregated portion of your Account and (2) no other Beneficiary is entitled to any portion of your Spouse's interest unless your Spouse dies before receiving full distribution of that interest.

CASH OUTS OF ACCOUNTS AND CONSENT TO DISTRIBUTION

If the Value of your Vested Interest in your Account is \$5,000 or less, your Account will be "cashed out" by distributing your Vested Interest in your Account in a single-sum payment or by direct rollover to an IRA or other eligible retirement plan as soon as reasonably practicable following the date your employment terminates. Your Account will be cashed out even if you do not consent to the distribution.

If the Value of your Vested Interest in your Account is more than \$5,000, distribution of your Account cannot be made before your Normal Retirement Date without your written consent.

AUTOMATIC ROLLOVERS

If the Value of your Vested Interest in your Account is \$5,000 or less, the Administrator will notify you of the cashout rules and give you the opportunity to elect whether to (1) receive payment yourself or (2) have the payment rolled over directly to the IRA or other eligible plan that you select. If you do not make an election within the period prescribed by the Administrator, tax rules require that your Vested Interest in your Account be rolled over directly to an IRA maintained by a provider selected by your Employer (an "automatic rollover IRA").

The automatic rollover rules only apply to you if the Value of your Vested Interest in your Account is more than \$1,000. If the Value of your Vested Interest is \$1,000 or less, and you do not make an election, payment will be made directly to you.

You are the beneficial owner of any automatic rollover IRA established for you. The automatic rollover IRA must initially be invested in products that are designed to preserve principal (the amount of the initial investment) and provide a reasonable rate of return, consistent with retaining liquidity (so that you can change investments readily). Examples of this kind of investment product are money market funds and certificates of deposit. As the IRA owner, you will be able to change your future investments.

All fees and expenses of maintaining the automatic rollover IRA will be paid directly from your IRA. For more information regarding automatic rollover IRAs, contact the Administrator at the telephone number and address shown at the beginning of this booklet.

FORM OF PAYMENT

FORM OF PAYMENT TO YOU

- Single-sum payment: Distribution of your Account will be made in one payment.
- Installment payments: Distribution of your Account will be made in a series of installment payments over the period you specify. Under federal law, however, the maximum period over which installment payments may be paid cannot exceed your life expectancy or the joint life expectancies of you and your Beneficiary. Installment payments will be made in reasonably equal amounts, except as necessary to reflect increases or decreases in the Value of your Account. You may accelerate the rate at which installments are paid.
- **Distribution in kind:** Instead of receiving a cash distribution from the Plan, you may elect to receive distribution of the part of your Account that is invested through the self-directed brokerage option in kind. Distribution in kind means distribution of the actual assets in which your Account is invested. Partial shares of stock held in your Account will not be distributed to you. Instead, you will receive a cash distribution of the Value of any partial shares.
- **Direct rollover:** If your distribution is eligible for rollover into an IRA or other eligible retirement plan, you can elect to have the distribution transferred directly into the IRA (including a Roth IRA) or other eligible plan. If you do not elect a direct rollover of your eligible distributions, a 20% mandatory federal income tax withholding applies to the distribution. All or any portion of a distribution from your Account is eligible for rollover except:
 - any minimum distribution that is required under federal tax law.
 - any distribution that is one of a series of installment payments made over your life, the life of you and your Beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10 or more years.
 - any hardship withdrawal.

The Administrator may restrict direct rollovers if the total value of your distribution is less than \$200 or you only want to roll over part of your distribution and the part you want to roll over is less than \$500.

FORM OF PAYMENT TO YOUR BENEFICIARY

If you die before distribution of your Account is made, your Beneficiary may elect among the same forms of payment that are available to you.

If your Beneficiary receives distribution in a single-sum payment or in installments over a period of less than 10 years, your Beneficiary may also elect a direct rollover, as described above. If your Beneficiary is your Spouse or a former Spouse, he or she may roll over the distribution to an IRA (including a Roth IRA) or to any other eligible plan. Your non-Spouse Beneficiary may only roll over the distribution to an IRA (including a Roth IRA) that is treated as an inherited IRA for required distribution purposes.

YOUR BENEFICIARY UNDER THE PLAN

Beneficiary if You Have No Spouse

You may designate a Beneficiary to receive distribution of your Account if you die. Unless your marital status changes, your Beneficiary will not change until you designate a different Beneficiary. To designate a Beneficiary or change a prior designation, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.)

Beneficiary if You Have a Spouse

If you have a Spouse, your Beneficiary under the Plan is your Spouse. You may designate a non-Spouse Beneficiary with your Spouse's consent. To designate a non-Spouse Beneficiary or change a prior designation, you must contact the Service Provider by logging in to rps.troweprice.com. (The Service Provider's website includes a toll-free number you can call if you prefer to work with an individual.)

Effect of Marriage on Prior Beneficiary Designation

If you designate a non-Spouse Beneficiary and then get married, your prior Beneficiary designation will be ineffective.

Effect of Divorce on Prior Beneficiary Designation

If your Spouse is your Beneficiary under the Plan and you get divorced, your Spouse will cease to be your Beneficiary on the date of the final divorce or similar decree or order, unless either (i) you re-designate your former Spouse as your Beneficiary or (ii) your former Spouse is designated as your Beneficiary under a qualified domestic relations order. If your Spouse is designated as your Beneficiary under a qualified domestic relations order, he or she will be treated as your Beneficiary only to the extent required under the order.

Beneficiary Where There is No Designated Beneficiary

If you die without properly designating a Beneficiary or if no Beneficiary survives you, your Beneficiary will be your surviving Spouse or, if you have no surviving Spouse Participant's issue per stirpes, and if none, Participant's surviving parents in equal shares, and if none, the personal representative of the estate. If no personal representative is named, then the Participant's next of kin under the statute of descent and distribution of the State of such Participant's domicile at the date of his death will be deemed the beneficiary(ies).

SPOUSAL CONSENT

If you make an election that requires your Spouse's consent, your Spouse's consent must acknowledge the effect of providing the consent and must be witnessed by a Plan representative or a notary public. Your Spouse's written consent will not be required if you make a good faith attempt to find your Spouse and your Spouse cannot be located, you have a court order stating that you are legally separated from your Spouse, or you have a court order stating that your Spouse has abandoned you.

ERISA CLAIMS PROCEDURES

The procedures in this section of the booklet apply if you file (or your Beneficiary files) a claim for benefits with the Administrator.

INITIAL RESPONSE TO CLAIM

Unless additional time is required, the Administrator (or other fiduciary responsible for reviewing claims) will notify you in writing regarding your claim within 90 days of the date your claim was received. If special circumstances require an extension of the 90-day review period, you will be notified. In no event will the initial period for reviewing your claim exceed 180 days.

CLAIM DENIAL

If your claim is denied, the Administrator's notice will include all of the following:

- the specific reason(s) for the denial;
- identification of the Plan provisions that support the denial;
- any additional information needed to complete your application and an explanation of why it is needed;
 and
- information on how to have your claim reviewed.

REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATOR'S DECISION

If you disagree with a decision made by the Administrator regarding a claim under the Plan, you have the right to ask the Administrator for a review of its decision. You should contact the Administrator at its business address or at its business phone number within 60 days of the date on which you receive notice of denial of the claim. A request for review must contain all of the following information:

- the date you received notice of denial of your claim and the date your request for review is filed;
- the specific part of the claim you want reviewed;
- a statement describing why you think the decision should be reversed; and
- any written material that you think is pertinent to your claim and that you want the Administrator to examine.

Unless additional time is required, the Administrator (or other fiduciary responsible for reviewing claims) will review the denial of your claim and notify you in writing of its final decision, within 60 days of the filing of your request. If additional review time is needed, you will be notified. In no event will the review period exceed 120 days.

If your claim is denied on review, the notice will include all of the following:

- the specific reason(s) for the denial;
- identification of the Plan provisions that support the denial;
- a statement that you are entitled to receive reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
- information on any voluntary appeal procedures; and
- a statement of your right to bring a civil action under ERISA.

SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO DISABILITY CLAIMS

If you are claiming a benefit under the Plan that is contingent on a determination that you are Disabled, you will receive a written response within 45 days, rather than 90 days. If special circumstances require an extension, the Administrator (or other fiduciary responsible for reviewing claims) will notify you within the 45-day processing period that additional time is needed. The notice will specify the circumstances requiring the extension and the date a decision can be expected. The extension notice will also:

- explain the standards for approving a disability claim;
- state the unresolved issue(s) that prevent the Administrator from reaching a decision; and
- describe any additional information needed to resolve the issue(s).

If the Administrator requests you to provide additional information so it can process your claim, you will have at least 45 days in which to provide the information. Otherwise, the initial extension cannot exceed 30 days.

If circumstances require further extension, the Administrator will again notify you, this time before the end of the initial 30-day extension. The notice will state the date a decision can be expected. In no event will a decision be postponed beyond an additional 30 days after the end of the first 30-day extension.

If your disability claim is denied, the Administrator's notice will include the following in addition to the information in **CLAIM DENIAL** above:

- if the claim denial is based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar provision, that a copy of the provision is available upon request, free of charge; and
- if the claim denial is based on an exclusion or limit (such as a medical necessity requirement or an experimental treatment exclusion) that an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment applying the exclusion or limit is available upon request, free of charge.

You may request a review of the Administrator's decision regarding your disability claim within 180 days, rather than 60 days. The review must be conducted by a Plan fiduciary different from the fiduciary who originally denied your claim. This fiduciary also cannot be subordinate to the fiduciary who originally denied your claim.

If the original denial of your claim was based on a medical judgment, the reviewing fiduciary must consult with an appropriate health care professional who was not consulted on the original claim and who is not subordinate to someone who was.

The review must identify the medical or vocational experts consulted on the original claim. You may request, in writing, a list of those medical or vocational experts.

You will receive notice of the reviewing fiduciary's final decision regarding your disability claim within 45 days, rather than 60 days, of your request. If your disability claim is denied, the notice will include the following in addition to the information in **CLAIM DENIAL** above:

- if the claim denial is based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar provision, that a copy of the provision is available upon request, free of charge;
- if the claim denial is based on an exclusion or limit (such as a medical necessity requirement or an experimental treatment exclusion) that an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment applying the exclusion or limit is available upon request, free of charge; and
- the following statement: "You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution
 options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S.
 Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency."

BRINGING A CIVIL ACTION UNDER ERISA

If your claim is denied and you want to bring a civil claim under ERISA, you must file your claim within 12 months of the date you receive a final adverse determination of your claim on review. If you do not pursue or exhaust the claims review procedures under the Plan, the 12-month period runs from the date you would allegedly have become entitled to the benefit you are claiming.

You cannot bring a civil claim under ERISA unless you have first exhausted your remedies under the Plan. This means that before filing you must have (1) submitted a timely claim for benefits under the Plan, (2) received notice that your claim was denied, (c) filed a written request for review of your claim, as described in **REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATOR'S DECISION** above, and (d) received an adverse benefit determination on review.

AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION OF THE PLAN

PLAN AMENDMENT

The Sponsor reserves the right to amend the Plan, either prospectively or retroactively.

PLAN TERMINATION

The Sponsor reserves the right to terminate the Plan at any time. Under federal law, if all contributions under the Plan cease, the Plan will be deemed to have terminated. In addition, an Employer may withdraw from the Plan at any time. If an Employer withdraws from the Plan, the Employer will determine whether the withdrawal should be treated as a termination of the Plan with respect to its employees.

If the Plan is terminated, you will be 100% vested in the Value of the Employer Contributions (including any investment gains or losses on them) in your Account and distribution of your Account will be made as permitted under federal law.

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

PLAN BOOKLET DOES NOT CREATE EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

The only purpose of this booklet is to provide you with information about the benefits available under the Plan. The booklet is not intended to create an employment contract between you and your Employer. Nothing in this

booklet should be construed as a limitation on your right or your Employer's right to terminate your employment at any time, with or without cause.

NO GUARANTEES REGARDING INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The Plan fiduciaries and functionaries handling Plan assets (including the Sponsor, the Employer, the Investment Fiduciary, the Administrator, and the Trustee) do not guarantee any particular investment gain or appreciation on your Account nor guarantees your Account against investment losses or depreciation.

PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Generally, the expenses of administering the Plan are paid from Plan assets, unless your Employer elects to make the payment. If administrative expenses are paid from Plan assets, they will first be reduced by any forfeitures the Administrator has directed to be used for payment of expenses. Any remaining expenses will be shared among all participants' Accounts.

QUALIFIED DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDERS

Generally, federal law prohibits payment of your Account to someone other than you, unless you have died. An exception to this rule is made for qualified domestic relations orders. A qualified domestic relations order may require that a portion of your Account be paid to someone other than you or your Beneficiary.

"Qualified domestic relations orders" are court judgments, decrees, etc. that pertain to child support, alimony, or marital property and that meet specific legal requirements. The Administrator has procedures for determining whether a court judgment or decree meets the specific legal requirements to be a qualified domestic relations order. You or your Beneficiary may obtain, without charge, a copy of these procedures from the Service Provider.

MILITARY LEAVE

If you return to employment following a military leave, you may be entitled to benefits under the Plan for the period that you were absent from employment. You should consult the Administrator for information regarding Plan benefits during military leave.

If you die while absent from employment with the Employer or a Related Company because of "qualified" military service (as described in the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994), you will be treated for purposes of the Plan as if you died while employed by the Employer (or Related Company). However, no additional contributions will be made to your Account.

RETURN OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO YOUR EMPLOYER

If your Employer makes a contribution to your Account by mistake or if your Employer cannot deduct a contribution made to the Plan on its tax return, that contribution will be returned to your Employer in accordance with federal law.

TOP-HEAVY PROVISIONS

Federal law requires that the Plan contain certain provisions that become effective only if the Plan becomes top-heavy. The Plan will become "top-heavy" if the aggregate Value of Accounts for certain officers and shareholders is 60% or more of the Value of all assets held under the Plan. If the Plan becomes top-heavy, specific minimum vesting and minimum benefits provisions become effective. If the Plan becomes top-heavy, the Service Provider will notify you and give you additional details regarding these provisions.

LIMITATIONS ON CONTRIBUTIONS

As described above in **YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS: 401(k) Contributions**, federal law limits the dollar amount of 401(k) Contributions that you can make each calendar year. For 2017, the maximum contribution amount is \$18,000.

If you are a Highly Compensated Employee, federal law also limits the amount of 401(k) Contributions you may make to the Plan and the amount of Matching Contributions your Employer may make to your Account

compared to the contributions made to the Plan for employees who are not Highly Compensated Employees. If the Administrator determines that contributions for Highly Compensated Employees would impermissibly exceed the contributions for other employees, it may adjust the amount of 401(k) Contributions and Matching Contributions that would otherwise be made for Highly Compensated Employees.

In addition, total contributions to the Plan are subject to annual limitations under federal law. Your Employer is required to restrict total contributions to the Plan so they do not exceed the annual limitation.

If you will be age 50 or older by the end of the year, you may make Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions that exceed any of the above limits. The total amount of your Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions cannot exceed the Catch-Up Limit for the year.

MORE THINGS YOU SHOULD KNOW

Contributions you make to the Plan and contributions your Employer makes for you are held for the exclusive benefit of you and your Beneficiaries.

If your employment terminates with the Employer (and all Related Companies) before you are fully vested in your Account, you will lose the non-vested portion of your Account.

Because the Plan assets are held in individual Accounts and are never less than the total benefits payable to participants, no insurance of benefits by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation under Title IV of ERISA is necessary or available. The Plan is subject, however, to the applicable provisions of Title I of ERISA (protection of employee benefit rights) and Title II of ERISA (amendments to the Internal Revenue Code relating to retirement plans).

YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE PLAN

The Plan is covered by ERISA, which was designed to protect employees' rights under benefit plans. As a participant in the Plan, you should know as much as possible about your Plan benefits.

RIGHT TO INFORMATION

You are entitled to:

- Examine, without charge, at the Administrator's office during normal business hours and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, copies of all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary at no charge.
- Receive a quarterly statement of your benefits under the Plan, and, if you are not fully vested, the
 earliest date on which you will have a nonforfeitable right to such benefits. The statement must include a
 description of any limitations or restrictions on your ability to direct investment of your Account.
- Obtain information as to whether a particular employer has adopted the Plan and, if so, the employer's address, upon written request addressed to the Administrator.
- Receive a written explanation with respect to any denied benefit claim regarding the reasons for such
 denial and the steps that must be taken in order to have such denial reviewed.

PRUDENT ACTIONS BY FIDUCIARIES

In addition to creating rights for employees participating in the Plan, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. These people are called "fiduciaries" and have a duty to act

prudently and in the best interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

ENFORCING YOUR RIGHTS

If your claim for a benefit is denied in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies (without charge) of documents relating to the decision, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules. See **ERISA CLAIMS PROCEDURES** above.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce your rights under the Plan. For example, if you request a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report for the Plan and you do not receive them within 30 days, you have the right to file suit in federal court. In such a case, a court may require the Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not provided for reasons outside the Administrator's control. If you have a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. However, you cannot bring an action at law or in equity unless you have exercised your appeal rights (see **ERISA CLAIMS PROCEDURES** above) and your benefits requested in the appeal have been denied in whole or in part. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order, you may file suit in federal court. If you believe a Plan fiduciary has misused Plan funds, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court.

After deciding your case, the court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if the court finds your claim to be frivolous.

ASSISTANCE WITH YOUR QUESTIONS

If you have any questions, you should contact the Administrator at the address indicated in **PLAN IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION** at the front of this booklet. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Administrator, you may contact the nearest Office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

GLOSSARY

Account

The account established to track the contributions made to the Plan on your behalf and the investment earnings and losses on those contributions.

Administrator

The fiduciary responsible for the administration of the Plan.

After-Tax Contribution

Any contribution you made to another plan on an after-tax basis that was transferred to your Account. Although your After-Tax Contributions are taxed before contributed, any earnings on them accumulate tax-free until they are distributed to you under the terms of the Plan.

After-Tax Rollover Contributions

A Rollover Contribution that consists of contributions you made to another plan or annuity contract as after-tax employee contributions (as distinct from elective 401(k) or 403(b) contributions) and earnings on those contributions.

Beneficiary

The person (or persons) entitled to receive distribution of your Account if you die before your Account has been fully distributed to you.

Catch-Up 401(k) Contribution

Any 401(k) Contribution that you make to the Plan for any year (beginning with the year you reach age 50) that exceeds an applicable limit by no more than the Catch-Up Limit in effect for the year.

Catch-Up Limit

The maximum amount by which your Catch-Up 401(k) Contributions for a particular year may exceed the limitations applicable to 401(k) Contributions for the year. The Catch-Up Limit for 2017 is \$6,000. The IRS may adjust this limit for future years.

Compensation

The compensation from your Employer that is taken into account in determining the amount of contributions that you or your Employer can make to your Account.

Your Compensation for any period means the wages paid to you for employment covered under the Plan that would be reported as income on Form W-2.

Compensation includes the following:

- 401(k) Contributions you make to the Plan, transportation fringe benefits you receive from your Employer that are excluded from your taxable gross income, amounts that you contribute on a pre-tax basis to a cafeteria plan (or that the Employer contributes on your behalf unless you elect to receive cash instead), and amounts you contribute as salary reduction contributions to a 403(b) account, or other plan.
- differential pay you receive from the Employer for periods that you are absent because of military service.
- pay you receive after your termination of employment for your services before termination, including your regular pay and, if otherwise included in Compensation, overtime, differential pay, etc., provided payment is made before the later of 2 1/2 months following termination or the end of the year in which termination occurs.

- pay you receive after termination of employment for accrued vacation or other leave, provided payment is made before the later of 2 1/2 months following termination or the end of the year in which termination occurs.
- deferred compensation you receive from a non-qualified plan after termination of employment, provided payment is made before the later of 2 1/2 months following termination or the end of the year in which termination occurs and you would have received the payment even if your employment had continued.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Compensation does not include the following:

- reimbursements and other expense allowances, fringe benefits, moving expenses, deferred compensation, and welfare benefits.
- bonuses.
- · commissions.
- amounts earned before you became eligible to make or receive contributions.
- any employee awards, any special tax gross up payments that relate to such employee awards, any other non-cash remunerations, deferred compensation.

Your Compensation if you are self-employed means your earnings for personal services you performed for the business covered by the Plan.

Legal rules limit the Compensation that may be included under the Plan each year. For 2017, the maximum amount is \$270,000. (The IRS may adjust this limit for future years.)

Covered Employee

You are employed by the Employer in a job category and at a location that is covered by the Plan. Only employees who are Covered Employees may make and receive contributions under the Plan.

Designated Roth Rollover Contributions

A Rollover Contribution that consists of designated Roth contributions you made to another plan or annuity contract and/or earnings on those contributions.

Disabled

You have a mental or physical condition that is likely to result in death or is expected to be of long-continued or indefinite duration and that prevents you from continuing in employment with your Employer. You are Disabled only if:

• the Administrator determines you are unable to perform any occupation for pay or profit because of a medically determinable disability.

Early Retirement Date

The date you attain age 55. Your Vested Interest in Employer Contributions is 100% after your Early Retirement Date.

Employer A company that participates in the Plan. Employers that have adopted the Plan

include the Sponsor and the following: CGI Federal Inc., Government Secure Solutions CGI Inc., Collaborative Consulting, LLC, Computer Technology Solutions, Inc., and eCommerce Systems, Inc.. The companies that participate

in the Plan are referred to collectively in this booklet as "the Employer."

Employer Contribution

ContributionAny contribution that your Employer makes to your Account.ERISAThe Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

401(k)

Contribution Any contributions you make to the Plan as provided in your salary reduction

election.

Highly

Compensated Employee

An employee who is treated as highly compensated for purposes of the federal

tax law governing retirement plans. Generally, you may be a Highly

Compensated Employee if you are a 5% owner in the current or preceding year or you were paid more than the applicable limit set by the federal government during the preceding year. For 2016 (the look back year used to determine who is a Highly Compensated Employee for 2017), this limit is \$120,000. If you are concerned that you may be a Highly Compensated Employee, you should

consult the Administrator.

Investment Fiduciary

The fiduciary responsible for determining the investment options available

under the Plan.

Matching Contribution

Any Employer Contribution your Employer makes to your Account because of

your 401(k) Contributions to the Plan, as described in detail in EMPLOYER

CONTRIBUTIONS: MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS.

Nonelective Contribution

Any Employer Contribution made to the Plan by your Employer that is not

contingent on your contributions, as described in detail in EMPLOYER

CONTRIBUTIONS: NONELECTIVE CONTRIBUTIONS.

Normal Retirement

Age The date you are entitled to retire with full benefits. Your Normal Retirement

Age is the date you reach age 65.

Normal Retirement

Date The date distribution may be made due to your attainment of Normal

Retirement Age. Your Normal Retirement Date is the date you reach Normal

Retirement Age.

Plan The CGI Technologies and Solutions Inc. 401(k) Savings Plan.

Plan Year The period on which the Plan's records are kept. The Plan Year is the 12-month

period beginning each January 1st.

Pre-Tax 401(k)

Contribution Any 401(k) Contribution made to the Plan on a before-tax basis.

Prevailing Wage Law Contribution

Any contribution your employer made on your behalf to comply with federal, state, or municipal prevailing wage laws or with the Davis-Bacon Act.

Prior Matching Contribution

Any contribution your employer made on your behalf because of your contributions either (1) to the Plan under provisions that are no longer in effect or (2) to another plan and then transferred directly to the Plan.

Prior Nonelective Contribution

Any contribution your employer made on your behalf, without regard to your own contributions, either (1) to the Plan under provisions that are no longer in effect or (2) to another plan and then transferred directly to the Plan.

Qualified Matching Contributions

Any Matching Contribution that can be used to satisfy federal limitations on 401(k) Contributions of Highly Compensated Employees.

Qualified Nonelective Contributions

Any Employer Contribution that can be used to satisfy federal limitations on 401(k) and Matching Contributions of Highly Compensated Employees, as described in detail in **EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**: **NONELECTIVE CONTRIBUTIONS**.

Regular Matching Contributions

Any Matching Contribution other than:

- a Qualified Matching Contribution.
- a Prior Matching Contribution.

Related Company

Any company or business that is considered to be related to an Employer under federal tax law.

Rollover Contribution

Any qualified cash contribution that you elect to roll over to the Plan from another retirement plan or from a rollover IRA.

Roth 401(k) Contribution

Any 401(k) Contribution you made to the Plan that is taxable under federal law for the year in which contributed, but is not taxable upon distribution from the Plan. If certain conditions are met, earnings on Roth 401(k) Contributions are also not taxable upon distribution from the Plan.

Service Provider The entity to which certain administrative functions have been assigned by the

Sponsor. For more information, see PLAN IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION:

SERVICE PROVIDER.

Severance Date The date your employment terminates or you are absent from work (without

terminating employment) for 1 year.

Sponsor The company that maintains the Plan and has the power to amend the Plan.

The Sponsor of the Plan is CGI Technologies and Solutions Inc.

Spouse The person to whom you are legally married in accordance with the laws of the

State, Commonwealth, or foreign country in which the marriage was celebrated.

Standard Nonelective Contribution

Any Nonelective Contribution other than:

a Qualified Nonelective Contribution.

a Prior Nonelective Contribution.

TrusteeThe entity that holds the Plan assets for the benefit of covered employees. The

entity may be a trust company, a bank, an insurance company, or a group of

individuals chosen by the Sponsor.

Value The monetary worth of the contributions and investment earnings and losses on

such contributions in your Account.

Vested Interest The percentage of the Value of your Account that you are entitled to receive

upon distribution.

Vesting Service The service credited to you that is used for determining your Vested Interest in

the Value of the following contributions:

Standard Nonelective Contributions.

Regular Matching Contributions.

ADDENDUM RE: GRANDFATHERED PROVISIONS

GRANDFATHERED IN-SERVICE WITHDRAWAL PROVISIONS

The following withdrawal provisions apply to the participants identified below:

Prior Logica non-Safe Harbor Employer Contributions available for in-service withdrawal at any time.

ADDENDUM RE: DIFFERENT MATCHING CONTRIBUTION PROVISIONS FOR DIFFERENT EMPLOYEE GROUPS

This Addendum describes the different Matching Contribution provisions that apply to different employee groups under the Plan. To find out what, if any, Matching Contribution provisions apply to you, find the group to which you belong and review the provisions applicable to that group. (If multiple different provisions apply, your group may appear in several different places. Similarly, you may belong to different employee groups for different provisions. You should review the entire Addendum to be certain you identify all the special provisions that apply to you.)

REGULAR MATCHING CONTRIBUTION FORMULA

The Regular Matching Contribution that may be made for eligible employees in each employee group is described below.

Employee Group: Employees employed at DOJ-Mail in Mail Management, Warehouse and Related Support Services as non-management employees and whose employment is subject to a Prevailing Wage Contract.

If you are a member of this employee group, once you have met the requirements to participate in the Plan with respect to Regular Matching Contributions, as described in **ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE**: **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**, your Employer will make a Regular Matching Contribution to your Account each payroll period equal to 50% of your 401(k) Contributions for the payroll period, provided you meet the allocation requirements described in **EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**: **MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS**.

Contributions Excluded from the Match:

The following contributions are excluded in determining the amount of your Employer's Regular Matching Contribution:

Contributions that exceed 3% of your Compensation.

Employee Group: All Other Employees.

If you are a member of this employee group, once you have met the requirements to participate in the Plan with respect to Regular Matching Contributions, as described in **ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE**: **ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**, your Employer may, in its discretion, make a Regular Matching Contribution to your Account each payroll period equal to a percentage of your 401(k) Contributions for the payroll period, provided you meet the allocation requirements described in **EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**: **MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS**.

DIFFERENT VESTING SCHEDULES FOR DIFFERENT EMPLOYEE GROUPS

Vesting Schedule for Regular Matching Contributions

Employee Group: Employees employed at DOJ-Mail in Mail Management, Warehouse and Related Support Services as non-management employees and whose employment is subject to a Prevailing Wage Contract.

If you are a member of this employee group, your Vested Interest in the Regular Matching Contributions in your Account is 100%.

Employee Group: All Other Employees.

If you are a member of this employee group, your Vested Interest in the Regular Matching Contributions in your Account is determined under the following schedule:

Years of Vesting Service	Vested Interest
Less than 1	0%
1, but less than 2	50%
2 or more	100%